NABTEB CIVIC EDUCATION (009) - SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION

This course is designed to provide the students with deeper and sound knowledge on the reality of everyday societal living at their age of critical thinking and reasoning about the events happening around them and the society. This is with a view to helping them acquire knowledge, attitude, values and basic skills that will help them to become responsible and disciplined members of their societies. Students need the appropriate information which they can gather through participation for the purpose of applying what they have learned to their daily living.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The major aims and objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Promote the understanding of the inter-relationship between people, government and the society.
- 2. Highlight the structure of government, its functions and the responsibilities of government to the people and vice-versa
- 3. Enhance the teaching and learning of emerging issues
- 4. Inculcate in students their duties and obligations to the society.

EXAMINATIONS SCHEME

This Examination is a paper of two sections and lasts for 2hours 30 minutes. SECTION A is made up of 50 multiple choice questions and the total marks is 50 while SECTION B is Essay to be attempted in 1 hours 40 minute.

This section comprises six questions out of which students are required to answer four (4). The total marks for this section is 60 marks.

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NATIONAL BUSINESS AND TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD (NABTEB) SYLLABUS FOR CIVIC EDUCATION

s/ NO	TOPIC/ OBJECTIVES	CONTENTS	ACTIVITIES
1.0	Values √ Define and identify types of	71	Students should be able to:
	values	selflessness, honesty etc.	(i) Define values and selflessness

	 ✓ Explain justice and selflessness, ✓ Demonstrateincidencesof selfless activities 	 2. 1.2 Justice and selflessness 3. 1.3 Opportunity to defend oneself, 4. 1.4 Involvement in the community services 	2. (ii) Listen and ask questions and write down notes 3. (iii) Participate in community activities
			Explain the meaning and causes of HIV/AIDs
	HIV/ AIDS	2.1 Meaning of HIV/AIDS and the causes.	(i) Analyze the symptoms and effects of HIV/AIDS
	✓ Explainthemeaningandthe causes ofHIV/AIDs;	2.2 Symptoms and effects of HIV/AIDS	2. (ii) Mention the preventive
	 ✓ Identify the symptomsand effects of HIV/Aids ✓ Statethepreventive measure if HIV/AIDS 	2.3 Preventive measures of HIV/AIDS e.g use of condom, abstinence, faithfulness to partners etc.	measures 3. (iii) Demonstrate HIV/AIDs
	√ Discuss the HIV/AIDS stigmatization.	2.4 StigmatizationofPLWHA	stigmatization. 4. (iv) Observe, ask questions and writereports.
3.0	YOUTH EMPOWERMENT ✓ Explaintheconceptof empowerment • ✓ Statethedifferentyouth empowerment skills • ✓ List the importance and benefits of the different	3.1Concept ofyouth empowerment. 3.2 Youth empowerment skills e.g. life coping, manipulative, intellectual, communicative and artistic skills 3.3 Importance and benefits of the skills	(i) Explain the meaning of youth empowerment (ii) Enumerate the various skills (iii) Discuss the importance and benefit andinterest
	skills	3.4 Practicalworkonspecificskills	in specificskills

	1			
	✓ Practice a specific skill		4.	(iv) Demonstrate abilityand
				interest in specific skills
			5.	(v) List the importance and benefits of the different
				skills
			6.	(vi) Practice a specific skills
	GOALS OF CITIZENSHIP		1.	(i) Define and explain
	✓ Defineandexplainthegoals of citizenship education;	4.1 Meaning of citizenship 4.2 Types of laws and rights of	2.	citizenship. (ii) Name types of laws and right ofindividuals.
	✓ Identifylawsandrightsof individuals;	individuals 4.3 Functions and structures	3.	
4.0	✓ Mention the main functions and structures of government	of government	4.	ofgovernment (iv) Discuss Nationalism and
	Explain Nationalism and major local/world civicproblems	4.4 Nationalism and majorlocal/world civic problems4.5 Nationalistic roles of		local/world civic problems
	Enumerate nationalistic roles of individuals and groups	individuals and groups	5.	(v) Enumerate nationalistic
				roles they will like to play

	CHARACTERISTICS OF DEMOCRACY			
5. 0	➤ Defineandexplainrepresentative democracy and its characteristics;	5.1 Representativedemocracy and its characteristics	1.	(i) Define and explain representative
	➤ Explaintheruleoflawandmaximum liberty for itscitizens	5.2 Rule of law and	2	democracy (ii) Explain the
		maximum liberty for its	2.	rule of law and

	 Examine the rule of majority with adequate safeguards to the minority 	citizens 5.3 Rule of majority with		maximum liberty for citizens
		adequate safeguards to the minority	3.	(iii) Discuss the rule of majority with adequate
				safeguards to the
				minorities
			4.	(iv) Listen and ask question
			1.	(i) Define and explain the types of
		6.1 The constitution	2.	constitution. (ii) Explain the strong
	THE MAJOR PILLARS OF DEMOCRACY	Stronginstitutionse.gthe		institutions like Armed forces,
	 Defineandexplaintheconstitution; Discussthestronginstitutionlikethe 	arms of government, armed	3.	\ /
6	three arms of government;	forces, civil societies etc. 6.3		and explain the meaning of federalism,
6. 0	 Defineandexplainfederalism,statean d 	Federalism,stateandloca		state and local
	local government.	governments. 6.4 Citizens		governments.
	 Outline citizensresponsibilities; Politicalpartiesandfreepress. 	responsibilities. 6.5 Political parties and free	4.	(iv) Analyze citizens responsibilities
		press	5.	. (v) Explain
			υ.	political parties and freepress.
				() = 1 : 1
	BRIEF HISTORY/BACKGROUND OF UDHR	7.1 Meaning of UDHR (Universal Declaration of human Rights).	1.	(i) Explain the meaning of UDHR
7. 0	Explain the meaning of UDHRGive the brief historical background of	7.2 Historical Background of UDHR.	2.	(ii) Discuss the historical background of UDHR.
	UDHR. ○ The seven core freedoms of UDHR ○ Explain the meaning of seven core	7.3 Meaning of seven core freedom of UDHR	3.	(iii) Explain the meaning of the seven core

freedom of UDHR o Mention the seven core freedoms of	7.4 Seven core freedoms of UDHR. E.g		freedom ofUDHR
UDHR o Say the roles of individuals, groups in	freedom from discrimination, want,fears etc.	4.	(iv) Mention (7) core
UDHR; o Explain the role of government in UDHR	7.5 Roles of individual and groups e.g advocacy through print		freedom of UDHR
	and electronic media, awareness campaign etc.	5.	(v) Dramatize the roles of individuals and
	7.6 Roles of government e.g. Enactment of laws, establishment of agencies the NAPTIP, Legal Aid Council.	6.	groups (vi) Locate and visit government agencies
			concerned with UDHR

8.0	 CULTISM ◆ Defineandexplainthemeaningo f cultism; ◆ Identifythedifferentcultgroupsa nd their symbols; ◆ Statetheoriginandreasonsforcu It groups; ◆ Explaintheconsequencesofcult ism. 	Consequencesofcultis m e.g. expulsion, violence, murder, spiritual problems etc.	1. (i) Define and explain cultism 2. (ii) Name the different cult groups and their symbols 3. (iii) Statetheoriginan d reasons forcultism (iv) Mention the consequences of cultism (v) Discuss ways of preventing cultism
9.0	ORDERLINESS	9.1 Meaning of orderliness 9.2	

	/ Defines a devaleis meaning of	Examplesoforderlines	
	√ Defineandexplainmeaningof orderliness;	sin	1 ()
	✓ Enumeratesomeexamplesof orderliness	the society, listening skills, driving skills, decorum,	(i) Listen and ask questions where necessary. (ii) Contribute to the
	√ Stateanddiscusstheroleof orderliness in	queuingculture etc.	discussion and list their own examples.
		9.3 Roles of orderliness in the society e.g by showing good examples to people, training people around you, correcting younger ones patiently, to be careful in whatever they do.	(iii) Stateanddiscusstherole orderliness play in our society.
	RESPECT FOR CONSTITUTED AUTHORITY		-
10.	✓ Defineandexplainthemeaningof constituted authority	10.1 Meaning ofConstituted Authority.	(i) Define and explain constituted authorities 2. (ii) Name types of
0	√ Stateanddiscusstypesofconstituted authority;	10.2 Types of constituted authority	constituted authority. 3. (iii) Enumerate the importance of
	✓ Explaintheimportanceofconstituted authority	10.3 Importance of constituted authority	constituted authority to people around
s/ NO	TOPIC/ OBJECTIVES	CONTENT	ACTIVITIES
		11.1 Meaning of citizenship Education	
	IMPORTANCE OF CITIZENSHIP OF EDUCATION	11.2 Duties and obligations of citizens to their	(i) Listen to teachers explanation of citizenship education (ii) Dramatizetheirdut ies and obligations to
	✓ Defineandexplaincitizenship education	communities e.g security, obedience to	their communities
11. 0	✓ Identifyanddescribetheirdutiesand obligations to their communities	rules regulations, environmental sanitation, promotion	(iii) Actplaysordramaon preservation of
-	√ Listtheskillsrequiredforpromotionof	of peace etc.	traditions, customs,
	,	11.3 Skills necessary for preservation of our traditions, customs, beliefs etc in Nigeria.	belief etc. (iv) Demonstrate what
	integrity and unity	11.4 How to promote national consciousness national integrity and unity	promoted national consciousness, integrity and unity.

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12.0	CAPITALIST DEMOCRACY ✓ Defineandexplaincapitalistdemocracy and its characteristics ✓ Describehowpoliticalpartiescompete for power through elections; ✓ Explainhowemploymentcanalleviate poverty; ✓ Describewhatpromotesguaranteed employment, free education, medical care, etc.	characteristics 12.2 Competition for power amongpolitical parties, e.g. campaigns,	(i) Listen to teachers explanation of citizenship education (ii) Dramatizetheirduties and obligations to their communities. 3. (iii) Actplayordramaon preservation of traditions, customs, beliefs etc. 4. (iv) Demonstrate what promotes national consciousness, integrityandunity.
13.0	 ✓ Givereasonsforpoliticalapathy; ✓ Explainwhyleadersfailtoprotectthe interest of theirfollowers. 	bad governance, unfulfilled political	(i) Listen and ask questions onpolitical apathy in its forms (ii) Answerquestionson why people fail to register and take part in protest. (iii) Discusstheeffectof leaders failure to protect their followers.
14.0	POPULAR PARTICIPATION	-	
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	 ✓ Definepopularparticipationinpolitics; ✓ Givereasonswhypeopledonot participate in politics; ✓ Describehowpopularorganizationare formed 	14.1 Definition of popular participation 14.2 Reasons why people do not participate in politics e.g. economic obstacles, discrimination, illiteracy. 14.3 How popular organization are	(i) Answer questions from their teacher (ii) Explain why people do not fully participate (iii) Act out how popular organizations are formed.
s/	TOPIC/ OBJECTIVE	CONTENT	ACTIVITIES
NO	10110, 0000011110		7.0111120
		15.1 Definition of human rights	
	HUMAN RIGHTS	15.2 Limitationsofhuman	(i) Describe what human right is all about.
	✓ Define human rights;	righs e.g; wars, state	
15.0	√ Identifywhatmayleadtolimitationsof	of emergency, conviction in a law court etc.	(ii) Askquestiononthe limitations of human rights.
	human rights		
	✓ Describewhathappensduring emergency periods	15.3 A list of what happen during emergency periods e.g. limitation of movement and lack of freedom of speech	(iii) Dramatize emergency situations as they affect human rights.

16.0	✓ Definedruguseanddrug abuses	i. Meaning of drug and drug abuse 16.2 Types of drugs that can be abused and how they are abused	1. (i) Listen to teacher and ask questions. 2. (ii) Examine the types of drugs brought by the teacher. (iii) Actsomeofthebehavioursof the addicts.
		16.3 Symptoms of Drug abuse e.g. violence, depression, allergy etc.	(i) Examine and discuss the pictures and photographs of drug abuse

	 Describe the symptoms of drugs Demonstrate some behaviour of an addict 	16.4 Behaviour exhibited by drug addicts seen from photographs and illustrations. 16.5 Describe some behaviours of an addict.	(ii) Describe some behaviour of an addict.
16.2	Identify how drug abuse can be prevented List some of the government agencies working to prevent drug abuse	16.6 Ways of preventing drug abuse. 16.7 Governmentagencies that are working to prevent drug abuse e.g. NDLEA, NAFDAC	(i) Debate the ways of preventing drug abuse (ii) Listen to resource persons.
16.3	DRUG LAW, ENFORCEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION • Identify some of the drug laws from government; • Describesomeofthe activities of drug law enforcement agencies	enforcement agencies e.g.	(i) Examine thedrugs. 2. (ii) Ask questions (iii) Makesuggestionson prevention.
17.0	Explain the meaning of responsible parenthood; State and discuss the role of responsible parents; Explain the importance of responsible parenthood in national development	17.2 Roles of responsible parent e.g providingfor the household, caring, education, good home training etc.17.3 Importance of responsible parenthood e.g. responsible	(i) Listen and illustrate responsible parenthood (ii) Contribute to the discussion and then dramatize the roles of responsible parenthood. (iii) Enumeratetheimportanceof responsible parenthood to national development.

	TRAFFI	CREGULATIONS		
	regulati	fineandexplainthemeaningof trafficons;	18.1 Meaningoftraffic regulations	(i) Listen and ask questions about
18.0	•	Enumeratesometrafficregulations;Mentiontherolesofindividualand	18.2 Traffic regulations e.g	the meaning of
	government in maintaining traffic regulations		obeying traffic officials and signs;	traffic regulations.

		18.3 Roles of individuals and government in maintaining traffic regulations. e.g FRSC, enactment of laws, NGOs obeying and assisting traffic officials.	2.	(ii) Enumerate some traffic regulations. Listen attentively to the resource person, ask questions andwrite down notes.
19.0	 Define and explain the meaning of inter- personal relational relationships; Enumerate and explain types of interpersonal relationships State basic skills that promote interpersonal relations 	19.1 Meaning of interpersonal relationships 19.2 Types of interpersonal relationships e.g. relationship betweenman and woman; relationship between individuals and government, relationship among peers 19.3 Skills that promote interpersonal relationships e.g. honesty, tolerance, kindness, caring, patience etc.	1. 2. 3.	(i) Listen, ask question and write down notes. (ii) Enumerate different types of inter-personal relationships (iii) State basic skills that promote inter-personal relations.
20.0	 (i) Explain the meaning of intercommunal relationships; (ii) State the importance of intercommunal relationships; (iii) Enumerateandexplaintheskillsfor resolving inter-communal conflicts. 	20.1 Meaning of inter- communal relationships 20.2Importance of inter- communal relationships e.g promotes development, enhances security and business etc. 20.3 Skills for resolving inter communal conflicts e.g. dialogue, mediation etc.	1. 2.	(i) Listen attentively, ask questions and write down notes. (ii) Statethe importance of inter-communal relationships. (iii) Listen, ask relevant questions andwrite own notes.
s/ N	TOPIC/ OBJECTIVES		ACTIVI	TIES

		CONTENT	
		21.1 Meaning of	
	CHARACTERISTICS AND CATEGORIES OF HUMAN RIGHTS	human right.	
			(i) Define human rights
		21.2 Characteristics of	
	 - Say the meaning of human rights; 	human rights e.g. Universality of	(ii) Listandexplainthe characteristics of human
	List and discuss three characteristics	human rights;	
21.0	of	inalienability of	rights.
21.0		human rights etc.	(iii) Categorise andsay the
	human rights;		differences
		21.3 Categories of	
	 Classify and differentiate between the 	human rights e.g civic and political	between the categories of human rights.
	categories of human rights	rights; economic and	
	categories of Human fights	socialrights;	
		environmental rights.	

22.0	FIGHTING POLITICAL APATHY - Say the meaning of political apathy - List and discuss three ways of fighting politicalapathy	22.1 meaning of political apathy. 22.2 Ways of fighting political apathy, e.g. knowing and defending our rights; joining popular organizations, etc.	(i) Define political apathy (ii) Discusssomewaysof fighting political apathy.
23.0	Say the meaning of public service; List and discuss reasons for the short-coming in the public service; Mention and explain ways of improving the public service in Nigeria	policies etc. 23.3 Ways of improving the public services in Nigeria e.g. 1. Refresher courses and training programmes;	(i) Define public service. (ii) Mentionanddiscussthe reasons for the shortcomings in the public services (iii) Sayanddiscusstheways of improving the public service inNigeria.

	TOPIC/ OBJECTIVES	CONTEN	ACTIVITIES .
24.0	- Identity the falletione	24.1 Meaning of civil society 24.2 Functions and need for civil society 24.3 Qualities and problems of civil society	(i) Explain meaning of civil society. (ii) List and explain the functions and need for civil society (iii) Contribute to the identification of qualities and problems of civil society.
24.1	 State and explain types of popular participation; Enumerate and explain need for popular participation in civil society 	24.4 Meaning of popular participation 24.5 Types of popular participation political, economics etc. 24.6 Need for popular participation in civil society 24.7 Traditional and modern mode of popularparticipation	(i) Explain the meaning of popular participation. (ii) Stateandexplaintypes of participation. (iii) Enumerate and explain need for popular participation in civil society. (iv) Write notes (v) Statetraditionaland modern modes of transportation.

25. 0	- Explain the meaning of democracy; - Identify the importance and problems of democracy; - Explain the processes of democracy;	25.0 Meaning ofdemocracy 25.1 Importance and problems of democracy. 25.2 Processes of democracy	(i) Participate actively in class discussion (ii) Contribute to the identification of the importance and problems of democracy. (iii) Discusstheprocessesof democracy.
25. 1			(i) Actively contribute to the lesson by answering teachers questions.

	 Explain the meaning and importance of rule of law; State the processes of rule of law; Identify and explainthe problems of rule of law. 	25.4 Processes of rule of law 25.5 Problems of rule of law.	 (ii) Explainthemeaningand importance of rule of law. (iii) Statetheprocessesofrule of law 4. (iv) Visitalawyerandcourtin their locality. 5. (v) Identifytheproblemsof rule of law.
25. 2	CONSTITUTIONAL DEMOCRACY - Explain the meaning and types of constitutional democracy; - State and explain the features ofconstitutionaldemocracy; - Identify and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of constitutional democracy. - Identify and explain the key concepts of constitutional democracy	25.7 Features of constitutional democracye.g.popular	 (i) Read and gather more information from books (ii) Listentotalks,askand answer questions. 3. (iii) Write down the advantages of constitutional democracy. 4. (iv) Listenattentivelyandas k questions about the key concepts.
26. 0	Explain the meaning of human trafficking; State the causes of human trafficking Mention the effects and consequences of human trafficking; Say government and individual efforts to stop human trafficking	26.1 Meaning of humantrafficking 26.2 Causesofhumantrafficking e.g. poverty, greed, low self esteem, corruption etc. 26.3 Effect and consequences of human trafficking e.g. death, unwanted pregnancy, stigmatization, etc. 26.4 Government and individual effort to stop human trafficking e.g. NAPTIP. Enactment of laws, NGOs like WATCLEF.	 (i) Describe what human trafficking is. (ii) Outlinethecauseof human trafficking 3. (iii) Dramatizetheeffectsan d consequences of human trafficking 4. (iv) Contribute to the discussion and take down notes. (v) Visitahumantrafficking rehabilitation centre.

- 1. 1) Pathfinder Global Civic Education by I. A. Adeoti.
- 2. 2) Civic Education for SSS by Okunloye et al.
- 3. 3) Cosmopolitan civic Education for SSS by AdesholaOlubunmi et al.
- 4. 4) Round up Government by IbiyemiOyeleye et al.
- 5. 5) Rasmed Civic Education for SSS by OyekunleOyelami et al.