NATIONAL BUSINESS AND TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD GEOGRAPHY (196) - SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION

This syllabus has been designed from Nigerian Educational Research and Development Council (NERDC) for senior certificate categories. It is geared towards the achievement of the Millenium Development Goals (MDGs) and the critical elements of the National Empowerment and Development Strategies (NEEDS) of the Federal Government.

AIMS:-

Basically, Geography addresses issues that have to do with man and his sociocultural and physical environment; its ability to help to circumvent the fundamental matters of environmental possibilism, determinism and probabilism. This syllabus is therefore designed to test the candidates' achievement of underlining course objectives. OBJECTIVES:

At the end of this course, students should be able to:

- i. Show understanding of interrelationship between man and his environment;
- ii. Describe the regional geography of Nigeria and west Africa;
- iii. State the relationship between remote sensing and Geo-informatics system;
- iv. Show understanding of ozone layer depletion, desertification, land degradation, de
 - afforestation, among others occurrences affecting the world today;
- v. Discuss various geographical phenomena at global level, in term of industrialization,
 - transportation, population amongstothers;
- vi. Demonstrate knowledge of man's physical and human environment and how man
 - lives and earns a living;
- vii. Understand and interpret topographical maps, compute statistical data, illustration
 - with diagrams, and carry out basic field surveys;
- viii. Prepare Business and technical graduates to take up courses in tertiary institutions of
 - learning

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The examination will be made up of two papers;

- 196-1 paper 1: (Objectives and theory), 130 marks (3 Hours).
- 196-2 paper 2: (Practical Alternative and Physical Geography), 100 marks (2 hours).
 - Paper 1: This consists of two sections Section A and Section B.
- Section A: this comprises fifty (50) multiple-choice questions to be answered by candidates
 - in one (1) hour for 50 marks.
- Section B: This comprises eight (8) Essay questions in Human and Economic Geography, and

Regional Geography. Candidates are to answer four (4) questions only. Two (2) questions in Human and Economic Geography, and two (2) questions in Regional Geography. Each of the Essay Questions carries 20 marks each for a total of 80 marks in a duration of two (2) hours.

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Therefore, Section A is 50 marks, and Section B is 80 marks, totalling 130 marks.

Paper 2: This also consists of two (2) sections: Section A and section B.

 Section A: This consists of practical in Map Reading to be answered by candidates in One (1)

hour for 40marks.

• Section B: This comprises six(6) Essay questions in Physical Geography. Three questions are

to be answered by candidates in one (1) hour at 20 marks each for a total of 60 marks. Section A is 40 marks, and section B is 60 marks, with a total of 100 marks.

Therefore, paper 1 is 30 marks, and paper 2 is 100 marks with a grand total of 230 marks.

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SUBJECT: GEOGRAPHY SUBJECT CODE: 196

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| | | CONTENTS | |
|-----|---|---|---|
| | LOCAL GEOGRAPHY | <u> </u> | |
| 1.0 | Town/village 1.1 Identifyphysicalandcultural features of their town/village 2. 1.2 Locatethephysicalandcultural feature in relation to the school and its surrounding/environment 3. 1.3 Describetheinfluenceofphysical and cultural features of the town/village on human activities | i. Physical features o Relief ii. iii. iv. o Vegetation o Climate o Drainage etc. Cultural features e.g. Church, mosque, market, roads, settlements etc. Direction andlocation of physical and cultural features within the town/village. Influence on human activities e.g. farming, fishery, pottery, trade, etc. | |
| 2.0 | The local Government Area (LGA) 2.1 Identify the localgovernment headquarters; 2.2 Locate the village/town, ward and LGA; 2.3 Explain the locationals relationship between the LGA and other local Government Areas in the state; 2.4 Describe the major physical features of the LGA in relation to the state. | i. LGA headquarters ii. Locational Relationship iii. Physical characteristics • Relief • Vegetation • Climate • Drainage etc iv. Economic Activities: E.g. transportation, agriculture, fishing, trade, etc. | a. b. c. d. e. f. Carry out field work Explain Location, direction and distance wards/villages/towns in the LGA. Physical characteristics of the LGA. Economic activities of the LGA. Draw a sketch map of |

| | | | the LGA;and Locate their village/town on the map, |
|----|--|---|---|
| | | | Insert major physical features, Show themajor economic activities of the LGA. |
| | THE EARTH AND THE SOLAR SYSTEM | | |
| | | i. | |
| | | ii. | |
| | The earth and other planers | • • • | Demonstrate how to model Solar System. |
| 3. | 3.1 Identifythecomponentsofthe solar 0 system; | Components of the solar system e.g. Mercury, Venus, | Use the model to identify and describe components of the |
| | 3.2 Describe the position of the earth in relation to the sum and other planets; | Earthetc. The earth | solar system. 3. Explain the: |
| | | Size Shape Position in relation to the | |

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| | 3.3 Proof the shape of the earth. | Sun and other planets. | d. Shape and sizeof the earth. Position of the earth in relation to the sun and other planets. Highlight the major features of the earthand other planets. |
| 4.0 | Earths rotation and revolution 4.1 Describe the phenomena of earths rotation and revolution; | i. Meaning of rotation revolution. ii. Effects of rotationand revolution; | Use the globe and other models to |
| | 4.2 Explain the effects of the earths rotation and revolution | Day and night | |

| | | Axis Orbit Seasons Equinoxes Solstice Hemisphere, etc | demonstrate rotation and revolution 2. Explain the effects of the earths rotation and revolution 3. Highlight three major effects each of rotationand revolution |
|-----|--|--|--|
| | | | |
| | Latitude and longitudes | | |
| | 1. 1.1 Define latitude and longitude; 2. 1.2 Differentiate between latitude | | |
| | and longitude; | i. | Grid references. b. |
| | 3. 1.3 Describe the relationship | ii. | Explain |
| 5.0 | between latitude and major | Latitude; Meaning of latitude | a. |
| | regions of the word; | Equator | Use the globe and map of the world to identify and explain: |
| | 4. 1.4 Uselatitudeandlongitudeto | Latitudeand distances Relationship with major | · |
| | locate positions of towns, | regions of the world (tropics of cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic circles. | Latitudes and longitudes Equator Meridian Greenwich mean time |
| | countries, cities,etc; | Longitudes: Meaning | (GMT) International dateline |
| | 5. 1.5 Deducedistancesandlocaltime | oflongitudes Time and time zones International dateline Grid references | |
| | from latitude and longitude. | 2.13.13.13.13.13 | The Equator Relationship with major regions of the world |
| | | | The meridian and the time zones, etc. |

| | Explanation on | |
|--|---|----------|
| | how to Differentiate between latitude and longitude; Determine distances using latitude; Calculate local time of placesfrom longitude | e; of |

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| | | i. | |
| | | | a. |
| | | | • • |
| | | ii. | |
| | The Earths structure | iii. | Use diagram and |
| | 6.1 Identify the major spheres of the earth; 6.2 Identifythecomponentlayersofthe | iv. | sketches to Identify earths major spheres Identify the structure of earth crust |
| | earths crust; 6.3 Describethecharacteristicsofeach | Major spheres ofthe | b. Explain • Composition of |
| 6.0 | Layer; 6.4 Draw and label the cross section of the | earth: Atmosphere Biosphere Lithosphere | the spheres |
| | earths interior; | Hydrosphere | Structure and |
| | 6.5 Explain the relationship between the | Relationship | characteristics of |
| | atmosphere, biosphere, lithosphere and | between the three | crust, mantleand core |
| | hydrosphere. | sphere. Relevance to human activities. | The relationship between the three major spheres and |
| | | Structure of the earth Crust | their relevance to human activities |
| | | Mantle Core | |
| | | i. Types of Rocks | a. Carry outfield work to collect |
| | Rocks | | and algorify rooks h. Evalois |
| | 7.1 identify the major types of rocks; 7.2 | | and classify rocks b. Explain |
| 7.0 | Describe the structure of igneous | - Igneous | |
| 1.0 | | - Sedimentary - | |
| | sedimentary and metamorphic rocks; 7.3 Statethedistinguishingcharacteristics | Metamorphic | Structure, colour, texture and |
| | | ii. Characteristics of rocks - Structure | permeability of |

| | | T | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| | of different types of rocks; 7.4 Explain the process involved in the | - Colour - Texture | the rocktypes • Process for the |
| | formation of rock types; 7.5 Explain the importance and | - Permeability i. Mode of formation | formation of igneous sedimentary and metamorphic rocks |
| | disadvantages of rocks to man. | of the rock types ii. Importance of | Importance of the rock types |
| | | rocks to man | c. Prepare and album of rocks in |
| | | | the locality. |
| | | | |
| | | Volcanic Fold Block Residual | a. Use pictures and models to |
| | Mountains | i. | identify different |
| | 8.1 Identify major mountain types; 8.2 Statethedistinguishingcharacteristics | i. ii. iii. | mountains types b. Take a tour of the |
| 8.0 | of the different types of mountains; 8.3 Explain the processes involved in the formation of the different mountain | Types of mountains | locality to observe highlands in the locality |
| | types; 8.4 Explain the importance and | Characteristics of the mountain | c. Explain: • Structure and |
| | disadvantages of mountains to man. | Mode of formation of the mountain types Importance of | characteristics of the mountain types |
| | | mountains | Process forthe |
| | | Minerals Agriculture Communication Climatic effect etc | |

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| | | | Formation of the mountain • Importance and |
| | | | disadvantages of mountains to man |

| | | | a. Carry out field work toobserve some |
|------|---|---|---|
| | | : | lowlands. |
| | | | b. Use models, illustrative |
| | Lowlands | ii. | diagrams, pictures and sketches to explain: |
| | 9.1Identify the major types of lowlands; 9.2Describe the characteristics of the | • • • iii. iv. | Characteristics of the different types of lowlands |
| 9.0 | different types of lowlands; 9.3Explain the processes involved in the | | Processes for the formation of |
| | formation of lowlands; 9.4 Explaintheimportanceoflowlandsto | Coastal Plain etc. Characteristics of Valleys | lowlands (valleys, plains and coastal areas) |
| | man. | Plains Coastal areas. | Importance of lowlands e.g. |
| | | | Agriculture, minerals, timber etc., |
| | | | Make models of the different types of lowlands |
| | Earths External; processes and Landform Development: | i. | a. Carry out field work to observe effects of running |
| | (a) Action of running water | ii. | |
| | 10.1 Describe water as an energy system; 10.2 Explain Erosion processes of running | | water b. Use diagrams and |
| | water; 10.3 Explain the transportional | energy system Slope or gradient | sketch to explain corrosion, attrition, |
| 10.0 | processes/effects of running water in | Shape of valley Volume of river Size of materials carried | hydraulic action ofrivers |
| | landform development; 10.4 Discusstheerosionanddepositional | | c. Explain • Erosion and |
| | features of rivers; 10.5 Describeandclassifyriverbasinsinto | Processes of river | transportation |
| | different types; 10.6 Name major river basins in Nigeria; 10.7 | erosion: Corrosion | processes • Erosion and depositional |
| | Explain the importance to community and humandevelopment. | Attrition Hydraulic action | features of rivers |
| | - | | = |

| iii. Transportation processes |
|--|
| Suspension • SaltationSolution |
| iv. Erosional features of rivers |
| Gorges V-shapes valleys Rivers captures Waterfall Meanders |
| |

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|------|--|---|--|
| | | Rapid andcataracts v. Depositional features: | |
| | Action of winds | i. Processes of wind erosion • Abrasion• Attrition• Deflation | a. • |
| | 11.1 Identifyanddescribetheprocesses of wind erosion; | ii. | Use pictures, films models and sketches to: |
| 11.0 | 11.2 Explain the features of and mode of formation of landforms; | Features and modes | Explain theprocesses of abrasion, attrition and deflation |
| | inselbergRockpedestalZeugen | of formation of: Inselberg | b. Describe the features and formation of the following landforms: |
| | Messaandbutto,etc; 11.3 Describe the features of wind deposition. | Rock pedestal Zeugen Messa and butto, etc; Features and modes of formations of: Barchans Loess Self dunes, etc. | 3/4 inselberg 3/4 rock pedestal 3/4 zeugen 3/4 messa and butto, |

| | | | etc. |
|-------|---|--|--|
| | | | B: 4 |
| | | | c. Discuss the |
| | | | sequential formation |
| | | | and featuresof: |
| | | | |
| | | | BarchansLoess |
| | | | Self dune, etc |
| | | | |
| | | | a. Uses films, picturs and modesto: |
| | | | Explain the characteristics |
| | (c) Glacial Action 12.1 Describe the characteristics | i. Glacial features in highland areas: | features oflandforms |
| | features of glacial actions in: | Cirque Artes | in glacialregion |
| | highland, and lowland areas; | • Tan, etc | Using the world map, |
| | 12.2 Explain the modes of formation | ii. Glacial features in | locate the |
| 12.0 | of | lowland area: | countries/regions where |
| 1.2.0 | these features and landforms 12.3 Locate the countries/regions | Roche mountains | these landforms arefound. |
| | where features are found; | Crag and trail, etc | Explain their modes of |
| | 12.4 State the economic importance | iii. Economic importance of | formation and |
| | of | Glacial features | economic importance |
| | the features/landforms | | Make annotated |
| | | | diagrams of the landforms. |
| | | | _ |

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| • | 13.0 | Action of Waves 13.1 Distinguish between waves tides andcurrents; | i. ii. | Take a field work to observe features of wave erosion and deposition. Use pictures, films and modelsto: |

| | 13.2 Explaintheprocessofwave | iii. | Explain the meaning and |
|------|---|--|--|
| | erosion; | | characteristics of waves, tide and currents |
| | 0.00.0, | | Explain erosional |
| | 13.3 Describe the | iv. | processes andcoastal |
| | characteristic | 14. | landforms |
| | landforms/features of coastal | • • • • | Identify and describe |
| | erosion anddeposition. | | features of coastal |
| | | Waves/tides/currents (defi | erosion and deposition |
| | | and characteristics | c. Make annotated diagrams for |
| | | Erosional processes: | c. Make annotated diagrams for |
| | | | landforms |
| | | Corrosion Attrition Solution | n lanasini |
| | | Hydraulic action | |
| | | Erosional features Cape | • |
| | | Bay | |
| | | Caves | |
| | | | |
| | | Staves, etc Coastal depos | sition |
| | | | |
| | | Beaches | |
| | | Spit Bar | |
| | | Marine dunes | |
| | | i. Origin/focus: | |
| | | • Tremor | |
| | | | |
| | | ii. | |
| | | ::: | a. |
| | | iii. | |
| | Earths Internal process (a) | iv. | • |
| | Earthquakes | | |
| | 4.4.1 Define corthquakee | Epicentre waves | • • |
| | 14.1 Define earthquakes; 14.2 Explain the origin and | Shock waves | |
| | focus | | • |
| | | Causes of earthqu | l- |
| | of earthquakes; | | b. |
| 140 | 14.3 Explain itscauses; | Faults fro collision | m Use documentary |
| 14.0 | 14.4 Locateearthquakeprone | Collision | , |
| | ragions on world man: 44 5 | of tectonic | cplates films toexplain Meaning, |
| | regions on world map; 14.5 Describe the effects of | OI TOOLOIII | origin/focus of earthquakes |
| | | Sudden re | lease Causes ofearthquakes Earthquake |
| | earthquakes on the | of | regions and their characteristic features Effects of earthquakes |
| | environment | | on earths environment |
| | | stress Reg | gions of |
| | | earthquake | Supervise how to insert |
| | | occurrenc | earthquake regions on a world |
| | | Occurrenc | map. |
| | | Tonga regi | ion |
| | | Chile-Arge | |
| | | region | |
| | | Fiji Island | S |

| | • | Mid-Atlantic ridge Some Asian | |
|--|---|--|--|
| | | Countries Effects ofearthquakes: | |
| | • | Displacement of | |
| | | earth crust | |
| | • | Raising and lowering | |
| | | of coastalrocks | |

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| | | Raising and lowering of ocean floor Landslides and cracks, etc | |
| | | | a. Use documentary films to explain: |
| | (b) Vulcanicity | iii. iv. • | Vulcanicity processes Volcanic regions of the world |
| | 15.1 Identify vulcanicity; 15.2 Describe vulcanicity processes; 15.3 Locate volcanic | • • • • • | Intrusive features/land |
| | regions on a world map; | • | forms in volcanic regions |
| | 15.4 State the characteristics features of | Meaning ofvulcanicity | Extrusive |
| | landforms in the regions. | Processes; | features/Landforms in |
| | | Crustal disturbance Intrusion Extrusion | volcanic regions |
| | | Eruption | Effects of vulcanity |

| | | Emission etc | b. Insert volcanic |
|------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | Emission, etc Regions of occurrence | b. Insert voicanic |
| | | Characteristic features of | |
| | | landforms in the regions | regions on a world map. |
| | | landionne in the regione | |
| | | Instruction | |
| | | features/landforms: Silk | |
| | | | |
| | | Dyke Batholiths accoliths | |
| | | | |
| | | Opoliths Phacoliths | |
| | | | |
| | | Extension features: Composite | |
| | | cone Java domes or shield Shield | |
| | | volcanoes Ash and cinder | |
| 1 | | cones | |
| | | | |
| | | - | |
| | | | |
| | | - | |
| | | | |
| | | | Take a field tour |
| | | | experience of Karst |
| | | | regions (where |
| | (c) Karst (Limestone) | | possible). |
| | Topography | - | 2. Use simple |
| | 16.1 identify Karst regions in | | experiments, |
| | Nigeria and | | |
| | | | _ |
| | the world; | i. | |
| | 16.2 StatethecharacteristicsofKarst | | |
| | | lii. | |
| 400 | topography | | |
| 16.0 | 16.3 Identifyanddescribethesurface | Karsttonographyregion | • |
| 1 | | Characteristics of karst | |
| 1 | and underground features of karst | tonography: | pictures, maps and |
| 1 | | Solubility | |
| 1 | regions | Colability | documentaries to: Explain the |
| 1 | 16.4 Explain the importance of | Alanana at lun site at | characterstics of karst |
| 1 | karst | Absence of luxuriant | topography |
| 1 | inaist | vegetation cover Absence of | |
| 1 | | drainage Joints and rugged | Locate the karst regions |
| 1 | region to man | topography | aroundthe world especially in |
| 1 | | | Nigeria |
| 1 | | Dry surface valley, etc | I tigoria |
| 1 | | Features of karst regions | Providence of the second of th |
| 1 | | Surfacefeatures: | Explain surface and underground |
| 1 | | | features ofkarst region |
| 1 | | Grikes | |
| 1 | | Clints Swallow holes | |
| | | · | |

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| 17.0 | Denudational processes 17.1 Explain the concept of denudation; 17.2 Identify denudational processes; 17.3 Explain the factors affecting denudation | Sink holes • Doline Uvalo Pojes Underground features: Caves andcaverns Limestone gorge Resurgence or spring Stalacties Stalagmites • Pillar iii. Importance of Karst topography i. ii. ••• Meaning of denudation processes Types of denudation processes Weathering Mass movement,etc Factors affecting dendation: Relief Climate Human activities, etc | - Explain the importance of karst topography c. Make annotated diagrams of karst regions. a. b. c Use pictures, films and models to explain the meaning of denudation. Take a field tour to denudation sites. Explain: - Supervise field work. Denudation processes Factors affecting denudation |
|------|--|--|--|
| 18.0 | Weathering 18.1 Define weathering; 18.2 Identifytypesof weathering; 18.3 Explaintheprocessof each type 18.4 Explain the effects of weathering on the environment | i. Major concept: Disintegration (expansion and contraction) Decomposition (oxidation and carbonation) | 1. A take a field workto observe weathering effects (where possible). 2. Use pictures, films and models to: • Explain the meaning of weathering. c. Supervise field work on weathering processes |

| Weathered debris,etc Types ofweathering: Physical(mechanical weathering): Temperature changes Wetting and drying Frost action, etc Chemicalweathering: Solution Oxidation Hydrolisis Hydration Carbonation Biological weathering |
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| | (b) Mass movements | Meaning of mass movements Types of mass movements: | 1. | Take a field work (where possible) to observe mass |
| | 19.1 Define the concept of mass movements | iii. | | movements. |
| | 19.2 | | 2. | Show |
| 19.0 | Identifytypesofmassmovements 19.3 Describetheprocessesinvolvedin | Slow (e.g. creep, soil flow) Rapid mass movements (e.g. landslide, rock avalanche/rockfall, etc | | documentary films on mass movements. |
| | the different types of mass | | 3. | Use pictures, sketches and |
| | movement, 19.4 Explain the effect of mass | Mass movement processes: Soil creep: | | documentaries to: |
| | movement | Weathered materials Gentle slope Water lubricates Heating and cooling | • | - Explain types of mass |

| | | | | 1 | |
|------|--|----------|---|---------|--|
| | | • | - Wetting and drying | | movements |
| | | | Soil flow: | • | - Explain mass |
| | | • | Rock fragmentsDown slope | | movements processes |
| | | • | FreezingThawing | d. Exp | lain the effects |
| | | | Landslides | | s movements onthe nment and human |
| | | • | - Souse rock | Courtin | |
| | | • | - Steep slope | | |
| | | | Waterlubricates | | |
| | | | Rock fall | | |
| | | | Steep cliff, etc | | |
| | | iv. Effe | cts of mass movements | | |
| | ENVIRONMENT AND ITS | | | | |
| | RESOURCES | | | | 0 1 1 11 |
| | | | | 2. | Conduct outdoor activities to observe the environment Explain the following: |
| | The Environment | i. | Meaning of environment | • | Classification of mans environment as |
| | 20.1 Explain the meaning of the environment, | ii. | Types of environment | | physical, social and |
| | 20.2 Identify the different types of environment; | • | PhysicalSocialCultural | | cultural |
| 20.0 | 20.3 Describe the components of the different environment; | iii. Don | nains ofthe environment | • | - The components of the |
| | | | - Atmosphere | | different types of |
| | 20.4 Classify the different environments and their components into three major | • | LithosphereBiosphereHydrosphere | | environment |
| | domains 20.5 Explain the importance of the | iv. Imp | ortance of the | • | Recognize and re- |
| | environment to life | enviror | nment | | aroun |
| | | | | | group componentsof the environment into |
| | | | | | three major domains (atmosphere, lithosphere and |
| | | | | | biosphere) |

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| 21.0 | Weather 21.1 Explain the concept of weather 21.2 Identify weather elements; 21.3 List the instruments for measuring weather 21.4 Describe the attributes of weather 21.5 Make accurate measurement of weather elements 21.6 State the importance of weather on physical and human activities | (i) Meaning ofweather (ii) Weather elements (iii) Weatherrecords Temperature Rainfall Humidity Wind direction and speed etc (iv) Attributes Variability Aerial extent Duration etc (v) Importance of weather | 1. Explain the concept of weather 2. Explain the following: • - Weather elements • - Attitudes ofweather • - Importance of weather on physical and human activities c. Demonstrate how to make measurements and keep weather records |
| 22.0 | Climate 1 22.1 Explain the meaning of climate 22.2 List major elements of climate 22.3 Distinguish between climate and weather; 22.4 Locate the major climatic regions on the map of theworld 22.5 Explain the influence of attitude, latitude, wind, ocean currents, etc on climate 22.6 State the importance of climate on physical and human activities | i. ii. Meaning of climate Elements of climate Attributes Variability Aerial extent Duration, etc iv. Factors affecting climate v. vi. Altitude Latitude Slope Ocean currents Cloud cover Winds, etc | Explain the concept of climate Explain the following Climate elements Attributes of climate Similarities and differences between weather and climatic; Factors affecting climate; Major climaticregions; importance of climate on physical and human activities |

| | | 1 | | |
|------|--|--|----|----------------------------------|
| | | Climate regions of the world | | |
| | | Importance of climate on physical | | |
| | | and human activities | | |
| | | i. Climatic factors Latitude | | |
| | | Attitude and relief Planetary wind | | |
| | | and pressure | | |
| | Climate II | | - | |
| | | | | |
| | 23.1 Identify climatic | | 1. | Use the globe, maps, diagram |
| | factors; | | | and sketches to explain |
| | 23.2 Explain the effects | | | climatic factors and their |
| | of these factors on | | | influence on weather and |
| | | | | climate. |
| | weather and climate; | | 2. | Usemaps,diagrams and sketches to |
| 23.0 | 23.3 Identify and | | | sketches to |
| | explain the | | | |
| | characteristics of | ii. iii. | | identify major climatic |
| | | | | |
| | major climatic types: | Distance from the sea Ocean | | types. |
| | major climatic types; 23.4 Locate and | currentsetc. 1. Climatic types: | | |
| | describe the | Temperature | 3. | Explain the |
| | distribution of the | · | - | |
| | uistribution of the | Cold Desert, etc. | | characteristics of major |
| | all and the form | 20.0011, 010. | | climatic types/their |
| | climatic types. | Characteristics: Tomporature | | geographic |
| | | Characteristics: Temperature, | | goograpino |
| | | Rainfall etc. Geographic distribution. | | |
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| | | | distribution; |
| | | | - Influence ofclimatic |
| | | | types on human |
| | | _ | activities |
| | | | d. Take a study trip to |
| | | | meterological station |
| | | | |
| 24.0 | Climatic Classification 24.1 Describe the two climatic major | i. Greek classification: | Use map the globe, sketches and diagrams to identify and classify climatic regions using the Greek and Koppen's classification systems. |
| | classification systems; 24.2 Identify and | - ii. | 2. Explain: |

| explain the major and | Tropical (torrid) | Greek climatic |
|--|--|---|
| sub- | Temperature (mid- | 2.2 |
| | latitude) | Classification system |
| categories of koppens | Polar (frigid). | |
| classification | | Interpretation and |
| | Koppens classification: | |
| system; | Major categories of: | characteristics of Koppen's |
| 24.3 Plot combined | | classification categories |
| temperature and rainfall | | |
| and the afthe | 3/4 B-A Dry climate 3/4 C-A Humid Micro- | Geographic distribution of climatic |
| graphs of the | thermal | regions in the classification series |
| classification systems; 24.4 Group and locate | 3/4 D-A Humid Micro- | - Advantages and disadvantages of |
| major climates of the | thermal | each classification system. |
| major chimates of the | 3/4 E-A Humid Micro- | Advantages and disadvantages of |
| world using the two | thermal Sub-categories of: | each classification system. |
| classification | 3⁄4 AAAF, AM and AW 3∕4 | Plot temperature/rainfall graphs. |
| | BABS and BW | |
| systems; | 3/4 CACW, CS and DW | • |
| 24.5 State the advantages | 3/4 DADF and DW | |
| and disadvantages | O4 EXET and ET. | |
| | iii. Interpretation and | |
| of the two classification | characteristics of | |
| systems. | | |
| | the sub- | |
| | | |
| | categories. | |
| | | |
| | iv. Geographical | |
| | | |
| | distribution | |
| | | |
| | v. Advantages of the classification | |
| | Ciassilleation | |
| | types. | |
| | 1,700. | |
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| | 1 | 1 |

| | , | | | ACTIVI | TIES/ REMARKS |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|--------|--|
| S | N | TOPICS/ OBJECTIVE | CONTENT | | |
| | | Environmental resources | i. ii. | 1. | Use pictures, charts and maps to explain |
| 2 | | 25.1 Define environmental resources; | Meaning of environment resources Types of environmental resources: | 2. | the meaning of environmental resources. Explain: |
| | | | Atmospheric resources (e.g. sun, wind, biomass, | • | - Types ofresources |

| | 25.4 Relate human resource quality to size, | oxygen and other gases, rain etc), | • | - Components of each |
|------|---|--|----|--|
| | education, health etc. 25.5 Explain the importance of each type of | Water resources(eg. Waterfalls, plants, fishes and other water animals, | | type of environmental resources |
| | environmental resources. | etc), Vegetation (eg. Timber, | • | - Quality of human |
| | | roots, leaves, barks, latex, fruits, fibres,etc), Mineral resources, Land resources. Human resources. | | resources in relation to size, skilled and unskilled human resources, education and health, etc, |
| | | | • | - Uses and importance of environmental |
| | | iii. Importance of environmental | | resources. |
| | | resources. | | |
| | Renewable and Non-Renewable Resources | i. Meaning and examples of renewable and non- | 1. | Uses pictures, charts and documentaries to explain the meaning of renewable and |
| 26.0 | 26.1 Explain the concept of renewable and non-renewable resources; 26.2 Giveexampleofeachtype; 26.3 State the advantages of each type | renewable and non- renewable resources ii. Advantages and disadvantages of renewable non- renewable resources | 2. | resources. Take a tour to identify renewable and non-renewable resources. Explain the advantages and |
| | | | | disadvantages of each type. |
| | Environmental problems 27.1 | i. Typesandcausesof environmental problems. | 1. | Carryoutfieldwork to observe |
| 27.0 | Describeenvironmentalproblemsand their causes; | i. Effects of environmental problems of human | | environmental problems and their causes. |
| | 27.2 Explain their effects on human activities; | activities. ii. Solutions tothe problems. | 2. | Use pictures and documentaries to |
| | 27.3 Suggest solutions to the problems | | | explain: |

| | • | - Environmental problems |
|--|---|--------------------------|
| | | and their effects on |
| | | human activities, |
| | • | - Solutions to the |
| | | problems. |
| | | |

| s/ N | TOPICS/ OBJECTIVES | CONTENTS | ACTIVITIES/ REMARKS |
|------|---|--|---|
| 28.0 | Environmental Conservation 28.1 Explain environmental conservation; 28.2 Discuss the different methods of environmental conservation; 28.3 Give examples of each type; 28.4 Explain the need/importance of environmental conservation. | i. Meaning of environmental conservation. ii. Environmental conservation methods: | a. Use pictures, charts and maps to explain the meaning of environmental conservation. b. Explain • - Types of environmental conservation. • - Needs and importance of environmental conservation. |
| 29 0 | Climatic change 29.1 Explainthecausesofclimaticchange. | i. Causes of climatic change: | a. Use documentaries, pictures etc, to: |

29.2 Discuss the consequences of climatic

change.

29.3 Explain measures the Nigerian

government can take to prevent or remedy the problems.

- Green-house effect
- Ozone layerdepletion
- Chloro-floro carbon (CFC)

gases

- Carbon emission
- Deforestation
- · Gas flaring, etc
 - ii. Consequences of climatic change:
- Melting of ice caps
- Increasing temperatures
- High rainfall
- Submergence of coastal

cities

- - Desertification
- Cancer and eye cataracts
- Emergence of new diseases
- Extinction of some plants

and animals, etc

- Remedies:
- - Reformation
- Zero carbon emission
- Population reduction
- Introduce gas driven cars
- Stop use of aerosols
- · Legislation, etc

- Explain climatic

changes

Explain causes and

consequences of these changes on human environment

 Give examples of observed

> consequences of climatic changes in towns in Nigeria e.g regular flooding of coastal towns like Lagos and portharcourt,

 Desert encroachment in some cities in

Northern Nigeria, etc,

Identify preventive

measures/remedies to the problems

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|------------------------|------|-------------------|--|
| | s/ N | TOPIC/ OBJECTIVES | |

| | | CONTENTS | ACTIVITIES |
|------|--|--|--|
| | REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY OF NIGERIA | _ | |
| 30.0 | Nigeria: location and position 30.1 Describe the location and position of Nigeria with reference to her latitude. Longtitude, boundaries and neighbours. 30.2 DescribeNigeriabysizeand distance. 30.3 Locatestates,localgovernmentareas and their headquarters on the political map of Nigeria. | i. Location and position: | 1. Use maps to describe the location and position of Nigeria with respect to her neighbours. 2. (i) Describe the location of states and their capitals with reference to latitude and longitude. 3. Determine the size, area and landmass of Nigeria 4. Draw the political map of Nigeria and insert the states and their headquarters onthe map. |
| 31.0 | Physical setting of Nigeria 31.2 Identify the major highlands; rivers/drainage systems in Nigeria; 31.2 Describe the climatic variations in the country; 31.3 locate and explain the vegetation belts of Nigeria; 31.4 Explain the importance and limitations of Nigerians physical setting. | i. Relief: - Highlands and lowlands - Draining (major rivers, river basins,etc). ii. Climate (the season). iii. Vegetation belts. (Savannah forest b belts). | 1. Organise field work to observe the setting (relief, vegetation, etc) of the locality). 2. Explain the following: • Nigerians climate, characteristics of different seasons, etc, • Vegetation belts and their characteristics, |

| | - Merits and limitations of |
|--|---|
| | Nigerians physical setting (relief, climate, vegetation, etc). |
| | c. Draw maps showing |
| | relief, climate and vegetation belts of Nigeria. |
| | |

| s/ N | TOPICS/ OBJECTIVE | CONTENT | ACTIVITIES/ REMARKS |
|------|---|--|--|
| 32.0 | Population of Nigeria 32.1 Explain the increase in growth of Nigerians population. 32.2 Account for the structure and distribution pattern of the population. 32.3 Describe the influence of HIV/AIDs and Ebola on population quality. 32.4 Explain population movement patterns and associated problems. | i. Population Size Distribution and structure Population quality Population movement iv. Population data | 1. Observe population structure and distribution of the school and local environment. 2. Explain the following: • Population, size, distribution and structure; • Population quality, factors influencingthe quality of Nigerians population. |
| 22.0 | Resources of Nigeria 33.1 Identify and classify the different resources found in Nigeria. | i. Mineral resources Petroleum Gas Coal Tin/columbite | Identify the various minerals in Nigeria. |

| 33.2 Locatewheretheseresourcesare found on themap. | Iron oreLime stone. ii. Power:PetroleumGas | Take a tour to observe local mining quarry |
|---|--|---|
| 33.3 Explain the importance of these resources toNigeria. | Coal Hydro Electric power (HEP) Solar Energy. iii. Water Resources (rivers, lakes, dams, sea, underground water). iv. Vegetation (tree crops, food crops, cash crops, timber, etc). V. Vegetation: Forests Savannah Biosphere vi. Importance of the Environment. | sites etc. - Observe the vegetation andwater resources withinand around the community. c. Use a map to locate where Nigerians major resources are found. - Discuss the importance of these resources to Nigerians economy and development. |

| s/ N | TOPICS/ SUBJECTS | CONTENTS | ACTIVITIES/ REMARKS |
|------|--|--|---|
| | Agriculture | i. Types of Agricultural practices: | - |
| 34.0 | 34.1 Describemajoragricultural practices inNigeria.34.2 Identify major cash and food crops of Nigeria.34.3 Locatewherethesecrops are found on the map. | | a. b. Carry out a field work toobserve agricultural practices |
| | 34.4 Explain the importance of agriculture; 34.5 Discusstheproblemsof | ii. Food and cash crops. iii. Importance ofAgriculture. iv. Problems of Agriculture in | Use maps, pictures, documentaries, films and slides, etc to explain |
| | agriculture in Nigeria | Nigeria | Types of Agricultural practices, Nigeria's major food and cash |

| | 34.6 Suggest solutions to the problems. | | crops, and importance of Agriculture Agricultural problems in |
|------|---|--|---|
| | | | c. Nigeria. Draw the map of Nigeria and locate the major agricultural produce on the map. |
| | Transport and communication | i. Transportationii. (a) Modes of transportation:Road | a. Use pictures and documentary |
| | in Nigeria (a) Transportation in Nigeria | RailWater | films to help identify and describe major modes of transportation in Nigeria. |
| | 35.1 Identifythemajormodesof transportation in Nigeria; | Air Pipeline Aerial ropeways Human and animal | b. Explain: |
| | 35.2 Draw maps of Nigeria showing road and rail transportation systems; | porterage | - Advantages and disadvantages of the |
| 35.0 | 35.3 Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of the different | | transportation modes Transportation |
| | transportation modes; 35.4 Explain the problems of transportation in Nigeria; | disadvantage of the different transportation modes | problems in Nigeria Influence of transportation on |
| | 35.5 Suggest solutions to transportation problems. | ii. Problems of transportation iii. Influence of | human activities. c. Draw maps of |
| | | transportation on | road and rail transportation systems in |
| | | human activities | Nigeria. |

| S | N TOPICS/ OBJECTIVES | CONTENTS | ACTIVITIES/ REMARKS |
|----|---|-----------------------------|---|
| | (b) Communication in Nigeria | 2. Communication in Nigeria | Use pictures and |
| 3(| 36.1 Identify the major communication networks/elements | i. Communication Networks: | documentary films to help identify and describe major |
| | in Nigeria. | Telecommunication (e.g. | communication elements in Nigeria. |

| | 36.2 Discuss the advantages and | telephone services, | 2. | Take a tour to |
|--|---|---|----|---|
| | disadvantages of the different | cellular | | communication |
| | communication elements/networks. | phones, voice mails | | industries in the |
| | 36.3 Explain the problems to communication in Nigeria. | etc.) | | community. |
| | 36.4 Suggest solutions to | Post servicesTelevision Radio | 3. | Explain |
| | communications problems in Nigeria. | NewspapersInternet, etc | • | - Advantages and disadvantages of |
| | | ii. Advantages and disadvantages of the | | communication |
| | | different communication elements/networks. | | systems, |
| | | elements/networks. | • | - Communication |
| | | iii. Problems of communication in Nigeria. | | problems in Nigeria, |
| | | iv. Importance of communication | • | - Influence of |
| | | onhuman activities. | | communication on human activities |
| | | | 1. | Take a tour of manufacturing |
| | | | | industries in the |
| | | i. | | locality |
| | Manufacturing industries in Nigeria | ii | 2. | Use pictures, |
| | 37.1 Define manufacturingindustries; 37.2 Classify the industries as primary, | iii. iv. | | films, documentaries, maps etc to |
| | secondary, tertiary and quaternary | v. vi. | | explain: |
| | industries; 37.3 Locate the major industrial | Definition of industry | • | - Types of manufacturing |
| | zones on a | Types of industry Primary | | industries |
| | map of Nigeria; 37.5 Identify problems | Secondary Tertiary Quarternary | • | - Major industrial |
| | ofmanufacturing industries; 37.6 Suggest solution to industrial | Major industrial zones Factors affecting location ofindustries | | zones |
| | | Problems and solution Importance of manufacturing industries in Nigeria | • | - Factors affecting |
| | | | | location of manufacturing industries |
| | | | | |

| | | i. | 1. | Take a field work to identify |
|------|--|--|----|---|
| | Commercial Activities in Nigeria | - | | commercial activities in the locality. |
| | | | | loodiity. |
| | 38.1 Identify major commercial activities in Nigeria; | ii. iii. | 2. | Use pictures, films, |
| | 38.2 | Major commercial | | documentaries, maps etc to |
| 38.0 | Describethemajorcommercialareas in Nigeria; | activities | | explain: |
| | 38.3 Locate the major commercial zones on a map ofNigeria; | Trade • Local, national, • International | • | Nigerians trades, stock exchange, capital market, |
| | 38.4 Discuss the importance of commercial activities; | Stock exchangeCapital Market • FOREX | | FOREX etc |
| | 38.5 Explain the importance of the stock exchange and capital Market | Transportation Communication | • | - Major commercial |
| | to the commercial activities in Nigeria | | | zones |
| | . 1190114 | Major commercial areas in Nigeria: Importance of commercial activities | • | - Importance of |
| | | commercial delivities | | commercial activities. |

| s/ N | TOPICS/ OBJECTIVES | CONTE | | ACTIVIT | TIES/ REMARKS |
|------|---|-------|--------------------------------|----------|--|
| | ECOWAS | | ngofECOWAS ii. er countries | 1. | Explain the meaning of ECOWAS |
| | 39.1 Statethemeaningoftheacronym(ECOWAS). 39.2 Identify ECOWAS member states. | iii. | Purpose/mandate of | 2. | Obtain information from the internet on: |
| | 39.3 Explain the purpose for which ECOWAS was | | ECOWAS | • | - ECOWAS |
| 39.0 | formed. | iv. | Advantages and | • | member states - Purpose and |
| | 39.4 Statetheadvantageanddisadvantagesof | | disadvantages | | mandate, merits and problems of ECOWAS |
| | ECOWAS. 39.5 Suggest solutions to ECOWAS problems. | V. | Solutions to ECOWAS | c. Expla | ain solutions to |
| | | | problems | | AO. |

| | | | 4. | Visit internet café for information on ECOWAS. |
|------|--|---|----|--|
| | | | 5. | Locate themember states on a |
| | | | | map |
| | MAP READING AND INTERPRETATION | | | |
| | 1 | | 1. | Show differenttypes of |
| | | | 2. | and sort them into different |
| | Basic concept in Map Reading | | 3. | classes/types. Explain the following: |
| | 40.1 Define maps; 40.2 Identify with examples the differentiate | i. | • | - Meaning, types and |
| | between map andplan 40.3 Differentiate between map and plan | ii. Maps | | uses ofmaps; |
| 40.0 | 40.4 State the uses of maps; 40.5 Identify and describe types of scales and their attributes; 40.6 Statethemeritsanddemeritsofthevarious | Definition Types Examples Uses Scales and conversion Types | • | - Scales, types, attributes of different types of scales, merits and demerits of each type. |
| | types of scales; 40.7 Convertfromscaletoactualmeasurements. | Attributes Merits and demerits of eachtype Scale conversion | • | - Demonstrate measurements of distance in scale - Convert scale measurements to |
| | | | | actual measurements. |

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|------|---|--|---|
| 41.0 | Map Distances 41.1 Identify units for expressing map distance; 41.2 Measure distance on a map and convert it to actual distance; 41.3 Convert actual distance to a map | i. Measurement and units. ii. Conversion • - Conversion from map distance to actual distance. • - Conversion of actual distance to map distance | Bring and identify different types of map reading. Identify units uses in expressing distances in the map. Determine actual distances of physical settings (e.g. Length of rivers, distance between two cities measures as crow files distances or curvilinear distances, etc) from map distances. Convert measurement of actual distances to map distances. |
| 42.0 | Map Reduction and Enlargement 42.1 Reduce a map to a given proportion. 42.2 Enlarge a map to a given proportion. 42.3 Plot details on enlarged/reduced maps. 42.4 Compareandcontrastscalesonanenlarged map and a reduced map. 42.5 Write new reduced/enlarge maps. | i. Map enlargement and reduction: - Grid/square method ii. Scales (small/large scales). | a. Provide topographical maps of different types to reduce/enlarge 2. Demonstrate map reduction and enlargement. 3. Help and guide how to: • - Enlarge/reduce maps. • - Compare details e.g. numbers, scales, etc on enlarged andreduced maps. |
| | Interpretation of physical and cultural features | i. Contourlines. ii. Physicalfeatures: - Ridges - Spurs | Use maps to identify physical cultural features. |

| 43.1 Define contour lines; 43.2 Identify and interpret physical features as represented on amap; 43.3 Identifyandinterpretculturalfeatureson maps; | Valleys Hills Plateau Rivers etc Cultural features: | 2. | Demonstrate how to identify and interpret cultural features on a map. Explain the relationship |
|--|--|----|---|
| 43.4 Explain the effects of physical and cultural features on human activities. | Roads Settlements Schools Communication lines Markets, etc | | between physical and cultural features onhuman activities. |

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|------|--|--|--|
| 44.0 | Direction and bearing 44.1 Identify major cardinal points; 44.2 Describe ways of showing direction; 44.3 Indicate and determine direction and bearing on amap; | i. The major cardinal points: - True and magnetic north - Magnetic variations - Angular bearings and compass direction | Explain the use of angular bearings and compass directions. Find directionsand bearings of points on the field. |
| 44.0 | Direction and Bearing 44.1 identify major cardinal points; 44.2 Describe ways of showing direction; 44.3 Indicate and determine direction and bearing on amap; 44.4 Usedirectionandbearingtofindthe location of points on the field. | i. The major cardinal points: | Explain the use of angular bearings and compass directions. Find directions and bearings of points on the field. |

| | | | 3. Locatethemajor cardinal points (i.e. north, south, east, west,north-east, north west, south-east, south | |
|------|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | west) etc. 4. Solve problems using examples from topographical maps | |
| 45.0 | Representation of Relief Forms 45.1 Identify physical features on topographical maps. 45.2 Describe methods of representing these features (relief)on maps. 45.3 Construct topographical maps using the methods to represent physical features in their discrete forms. | i. Physical features (relief); | 1. Display different types maps. 2. Use maps, models etc to help recognize relief features on maps. 3. Use sand trays and ashes to demonstrate the formation of contour lines. 4. Explain methods of representing relief features on maps | |

| | TOPIC/ OBJECTIVES CONTENTS ACTIVITIES/ REMARKS |
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| s/ N | |
| | |
| | ECONOMIC AND HUMAN GEOGRAPHY |
| | |

| Transportation 46.1 Identify and describe differed modes of transportation. 46.2 List transportation means associated with each mode. 46.0 46.3 Highlight the merits and demerits of each transportation mode/mean; 46.4 Explain the contributions of transportation to economic development. 46.5 Ide transportation problems and sugways of solving them. | Transportation means. Merits and demerits of each type. Importance • - Movement of | Use maps diagrams, pictures, etc to identify major transportation types. Explain the merits and demerits of each type in terms of: Accessibility Flexibility Haulage capacity Speed, etc. c. Describe transportation problems and proffer solutions. |
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| | | | i. | |
|--|------|---|---|---|
| | | | ii. iii. | a. Locate major industrial regions |
| | | | Classification of industries: | on the world |
| | | Industry | | map: |
| | | 47.1 Identify and classify industries 47.2 Discuss the major industries in | - | Identify and |
| | 47.0 | Nigeria and other parts of the world. 47.3 Locate major industries area in Africa, Asia, Europe, America, etc. 47.4 Describe the factors that encouraged these locations. 47.5 Identify and discuss the problems of industrial development in Nigeria and the rest of the world. 47.6 Industrial development in | | describe major industries of the world |
| | | | Primary Secondary Tertiary Quatemary | Classify the industriesDiscuss The factors |
| | | | Heavy industry Light industry | the encouraged spatial differentiation in industrial location. |
| | | Nigeria and the rest of theworld. | Factors affecting | industrial location. |
| | | | industrial location Raw materials Markets Capital, etc. | b. Visit industries in their locality and observe production processes and interview workers in the industry. |
| | | | Problems of industrial location. | |

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|------|--|------|--|--------|---|
| 48.0 | Population 48.1 Describeworldpopulationintermof size, density, structure and distribution patterns. 48.2 Account for the variation in world population. | i. | World population - Size - Distributionpatterns - Density - Structure Factors affecting population distribution - Climate - Relief - Soil - Water - Mineral,etc. | 2. | Use maps, diagrams, pictures, documentary, films, etc to explain world population with respect to size, density, structure and distribution patterns. Explain the influence of climate, relief, soil, water, mineral resources, etc on population density and distribution. |

| | | | | Maka akatahaa af |
|------|--|---|----|---|
| | | | 3. | Make sketches of world population |
| | | | | distribution on a map. |
| | | | н | |
| | | i. | | |
| | | ii. | 1. | Use maps and sketches to |
| | | iii. | | Calcard to the same |
| | | iv. | | identify human |
| | | iv. | | settlements |
| | | V. | | |
| | | | 2. | Take a tour on |
| | Settlements | Types of | | field work to |
| | 49.1 Identify types of settlements; 49.2 Describe each settlement type | settlements: | | field work to observe human settlement |
| | | Urban Rural | | patterns in the locality |
| 49.0 | the influence of soil weather, etc. | Characteristics of urban and rural settlements: | 3. | Explain: |
| | settlement patterns; 49.5 Explain the factors responsible for the development of | Population Economy Administration, etc. | • | Settlement typesCharacteristicsof |
| | each patterns. | Factors of settlement location (soil, weather, etc). Settlement patterns: | | urban and rural settlement location |
| | | Nuclear Dispersed (scattered) Linear Isolated Conurbation | • | - Settlement patterns and their developmental factors. |
| | | Factors of development of each pattern. | | |

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| 50.0 | Settlement interaction 501 Discuss types of settlements interactions; | i. Typesofinteraction: | Carry out a field work to observe settlement interaction patterns in the locality |

| | 50.2 Explain settlements interaction patterns with respect to migration. | ii Commercial Cultural Administrative, etc Interaction patterns: Urban-rural Urban-urban Rural-rural, etc | Use diagrams, sketchesand flowcharts toexplain: Types ofinteractions Settlement migration Factors responsible for migration of settlements |
|------|--|--|--|
| 51.0 | Geo-political Issues (land Reclamation) 51.1 Explain the concept of land reclamation. 51.2 Describe the various methods for land reclamation. 51.3 Explain the importance of land reclamation. | i. Meaning ofland reclamation. ii. Reclamationmethods: Afforestation iii. Constructionof barriers Sandfilling Constructionof drainages Control oferosion head, etc. Importance of land reclamation. | 1. Use photographs of reclamation sites to explain the concept of land reclamation. 2. Take a tour to land reclamation sites. c. Explain • Methods ofland • Reclamation importance of land • Reclamation organize and supervise • community development project on reclamation |
| 52.0 | Trade 52.1 Define trade; 52.3 Explain the different types of trade; 52.3 Explain why trade occurs; 52.4 Explain the importance of trade. | i. ii. iii. iv Definition of trade Types oftrade: National International Reasons for trade Importance of trade: Social Political Economic, etc | Visit places where trading of different types take place. Use documentaries, illustrations, picturesand photographs to: Explain the meaning of trade Identify types of trade Explain the economic, |

| s/ N | TOPIC/ OBJECTIVES | CONTENT | ACTIVITIES/ REMARKS |
|------|---|--|--|
| 53.0 | Tourism 53.1 Define tourism. 53.2 Identifyandlocatetourist centres on a map. 53.3 Explain the importance of tourism. 53.4 Identify problems of tourism and suggest solutions to the problems. | i. ii. iii. Meaning of tourism Tourist centres Justification fortourism: Leisure Recreation Education Importance of tourism Problems oftourism | Take a visit to recreational facilities in the locality. Use documentaries, illustrations, pictures and photographs to: Explain the meaning of tourism Locate world tourist centres and identify the attractions to the places Explain economic, social and political importance of tourism. The problemsand solutions of tourism |
| | INTRODUCTORY GEOGRAPHIC | C INFORMATION SYSTEM | |

| 54.0 | 54.1 ExplainthemeaningofGIS and geographicdata; 54.2 Describethesourcesof geography; 54.3 Distinguishbetween geographic data andGIS; 54.4 State the importanceof geo-referencing; 54.5 State the uses of the GIS and geographic data. | i. ii. Geographic Information System (GIS) Geographic data: Meaning/Examples Line for river, roads, rails, etc. Points for boreholes, building, settlements, towns, farms,etc. Sources(maps,field work, satellite images, etc.). Importance of geo- referencing, geographic data and the GIS. | Explain the concept of GIS and geographic data. Carryout field work to: Collectgeographic data, GISlaboratory. Participatein group discussion on: Geographicdata e.g. maps, data from field work, satellite images etc; Geo-referencingfor GIS data. Explain the importance of geo-referencing. |
|------|---|---|---|
| 55.0 | 55.1 IdentifyGIShardwareand software; 55.2 State the uses of the GIS software; 55.3 Distinguishbetween positional; 55.4 and relational data 55.5 State the rules for GIS; | - Digitizer - Global positioning system (GPS) - Computer | a. Do the following - Identify GIS hardware - Identify the various software and their uses - Distinguish between positional |

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| 55.6 | Identify GIS-human ware. | - iii iii v. Data input Storage Retrieval Manipulated Data Positional Relational Procedures: sets of rules People: experts | and a relational data - Use the GIS, hardware e.g. digitizer, GPS, Computer, etc b. Explain: |
| | GIS Data 56.1 Identify sources of data in GIS environment; 56.2Collect data forGIS | i. Data sources: • Land surveying • Remote sensing | 1. Explain GIS data sources 2. Take a field work to collect geographic data, using various methods 3. Supervise field work |
| | Satellite Remote Sensing 57.1 Define the following concepts, remote sensing, satellite and satellite remote sensing; 57.2 Explain the applications of remote sensing; 57.3 Explain the relationship between remote sensing and GIS. | | 1. Explain thefollowing with examples: - Remote sensing - Satellites e.g Nigeria Sat- 1, IKONOS, SPOT radar, NICOM Sat-1, ERS-1 etc - Satellite remote sensing 2. Take a field work to |

| | - Transportation- Emergency response, | | satellite remote |
|------|--|----------|--|
| | etc | | sensing site. |
| iii. | . Relationship | 3. 4. | Supervise field work. Explain applications of |
| be | etween GIS and remote sensing | | |
| | | | remote sensing and the relationship between GISand remote sensing. |

LIST OF RECOMMENDED TEXTBOOKS IN GEOGRAPHY

- 1. 1) ComprehensiveCertificateGeographyforSchoolsandcollegesbylboayaB.A.(2013)(RevisedE dition).
- 2. 2) HumanGeographybyFellmann,D.etal(2005)(SeventhEdition)NewYork:McGrawHill.
- 3. 3) IntroductiontoGeographybyGetis,A.etal(2004)(NinthEdition)NewYork:McGrawHill.Contemporary

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